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In Vitro Antioxidant and Antimicrobial Activities From Stem Bark of *Beilschmiedia Madang* Blume (Lauraceae) and Its Major Compound, (+)-kunstlerone

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The aim of this study was to investigate the *in vitro* antioxidant and antimicrobial activities from stem bark of *Beilschmiedia madang*, and its major compound, a neolignan; (+)-kunstlerone. The antioxidant activity was done using the following assays: DPPH radical scavenging, β -carotene/linoleic acid bleaching and total phenolic content. The MeOH extract showed the highest inhibitory activity towards lipid peroxidation (89.6% ± 0.4), phenolic content (163.4 mg GA/g) and DPPH radical scavenging (IC₅₀ of 63.2 µg/mL). The major compound, (+)-kunstlerone showed a potent antioxidant activity with IC₅₀ of 25.5 µg/mL comparable to that of ascorbic acid (IC₅₀ of 15.2 µg/mL). Evaluation of the antimicrobial activity was examined by using disc diffusion and micro dilution (MIC) method. The results revealed that the MeOH extract and (+)-kunstlerone exhibited moderate activity towards *Stretococcus mutans* and *Aspergillus fumigatus* with MIC values 250 µg/mL.

Keywords: Antioxidant, Antimicrobial, Beilschmiedia madang.